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=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\6100a.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STF

G1 O, S, Se, CH2, SO2, NH

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 full

REG1stRY INITIATED

Substance data SEARCH and crossover from CAS REGISTRY in progress... Use DISPLAY HITSTR (or FHITSTR) to directly view retrieved structures.

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:25:43 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 754153 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 754153 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.04

L2104 SEA SSS FUL L1

47 L2 L3

=> s 13 and py<200322869905 PY<2003

L4 45 L3 AND PY<2003

=> d 1-10 ibib abs hitstr

L4ANSWER 1 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:154907 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:263878

TITLE: Silver halide photographic material and image

104 ANSWERS

formation using it Nakamura, Takemare

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 57 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

Ι

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		,		
JP 10062895	A	19980306	JP 1996-216206	19960816 <
US 6013421	A	20000111	US 1997-897159	19970718 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-207708	19960719
			JP 1996-216206 P	19960816
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	128:263878		

-NHNH-Z

AB The title material contains, in ≥1 of the hydrophilic colloid layers formed on a support, a color developing agent I (Z = carbamoyl, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl; Q = atoms required to form an unsatd. ring along with the C atom), a coloring coupler that forms a dye image upon coupling with the oxidized product of the developing agent, and a coupler that coupling-reacts with the oxidized product, but is not color-developed to an extent contributing to the image d. The material is heat-developed or developed in a solution to form an image. The material provides high Dmax and low Dmin images. IT 205119-91-1

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photog film containing hydrazine derivative developer and coloring and noncoloring couplers)

205119-91-1 CAPLUS RN

CNBenzoic acid, 4-[3-chloro-5-[(2-hexyl-1-oxodecyl)amino]-4-hydroxy-2methylphenoxy]-, 1-methylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\6100a.str

chain nodes:

13 15 16 17 18 19 22 23 24 25 28

ring nodes:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

chain bonds:

3-22 5-13 9-13 12-15 15-16 15-17 15-18 16-19 22-25 22-23 22-24

ring bonds:

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12

exact/norm bonds:

5-13 9-13 16-19 22-23

exact bonds:

3-22 12-15 15-16 15-17 15-18 22-25 22-24

normalized bonds:

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12

G1:O,S,Se,CH2,SO2,NH

Match level:

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:CLAS\$15:CLAS\$16:CLAS\$17:CLAS\$18:CLAS\$19:CLAS\$22:CLAS\$23:CLAS\$24:CLAS\$25:CLAS\$28:CLAS\$29:Atom

L4 ANSWER 20 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1988:85266 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

108:85266

TITLE:

Colored cyan coupler-containing silver halide color

photographic material

INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Kida, Shuji; Tsuda, Yasuo; Nakagawa, Satoshi Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 62174758	A	19870731	JP 1986-17276	19860128 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1986-17276	19860128

AB In a Ag halide photog. material containing a 2-ureido-5-acylaminophenol coupler, the 4-position is substituted with a group releasable on reacting with the oxidized form of a color developer, the above group containing a colored cyan coupler containing an arylazo group. The undesirable blue- and green-absorption of the cyan image is compensated by using the coupler of this invention.

IT 112900-47-7P 112900-48-8P 112900-49-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, colored cyan coupler from)

RN 112900-47-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxohexyl]amino]-5-[[[[4-(butylsulfonyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 112900-48-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxohexyl]amino]-5-[[[[4-(butylsulfonyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-4-hydroxyphenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 112900-49-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[2-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxohexyl]amino]5-[[[[4-(butylsulfonyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-N-(4nitrophenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

=> d 21-45 ibib abs hitstr

L4 ANSWER 21 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:46788 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:46788

TITLE: Silver halide color photographic materials containing

phenoxyphenol derivative type cyan couplers

INVENTOR(S): Ninomiya, Hidetaka

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 62173465	Α	19870730	JP 1986-16043	19860128 <
JP 07099427	В	19951025	• •	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1986-16043	19860128
CT				

$$R^3$$
 R^4
 R^4
 R^2
 R^2

The title photog. materials contain ≥1 phenolic cyan coupler of the formula I (R1 = a carboxy-substituted group selected from acylamino, alkylsulfonamido, arylsulfonamido, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, alkylureido, arylureido, alkyl, amino, alkylsulfonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl; R2, R4 = halo, alkyl, alkoxy, NO2, CN, CHO, CO2H, OH, amino, acrylamino, alkylsulfonamido, arylsulfonamido, alkylureido, arylureido, heterocyclylureido, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl; R3 = acylamino, alkylsulfonamido, arylsulfonamido, alkylureido,

arylureido, heterocyclureido, sulfamoyl, carbamoyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl; m = 0-4; n = 1,2). The cyan couplers show excellent coloration efficiency and give dye images with high Dmax, low fog, and good storage stability.

IT 112303-41-0

> RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photog. cyan coupler)

112303-41-0 CAPLUS RN

Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-CN oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, carboxymethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ANSWER 22 OF 45 T.4

1987:587265 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

107:187265

Silver halide color photographic materials TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Nakagawa, Satoshi

Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 62070846	• A	19870401	JP 1985-210493	19850924 <
JP 05015249	В	19930301		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1985-210493	19850924
GI				

C1 NHCOCR
2
R 3 CO C_{15} H $_{31}$

AΒ Ag halide color photog. materials contain a cyan coupler I (R = C2-4 alkyl; R2 = H, C1-16 alkyl; R3 = H, C1-6 alkyl; X = halo, alkyl, aryloxy). The cyan coupler provides good color images resistant to light and heat. Thus, a photog. material was prepared by coating a paper support with a layer containing 16 mg gelatin, 4 mg red-sensitive Ag(Cl,Br) emulsion, and a

Ι

tricresyl phosphate solution of 7 + 10-6 mol cyan coupler I (R1, R2 = Et; R3 = H; X = Cl) and 0.1 mg di-tert-octylhydroquinone and a gelatin protective layer. Exposure and normal processing gave a durable image with high sensitivity. High tolerance to a model exhausted bleach-fixer (high Ag content and low pH) was observed A full color photog. paper having red-sensitive layer containing I also gave excellent results.

IT 110968-14-4

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photog. cyan coupler)

RN 110968-14-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[3-chloro-2-ethyl-4-hydroxy-5-[[1-oxo-2-(3-pentadecylphenoxy)butyl]amino]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 23 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:215497 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

106:215497

TITLE:

Preparation of anthraquinone derivatives as dyes for

liquid crystals

INVENTOR(S):

Morishita, Yasuyoshi; Matsunaga, Daisaku; Oiso, Shoji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Nippon Kayaku Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

1

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
JP 62005941	Α	19870112	JP 1985-291950		19851226 <
JP 05058621	В	19930827			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1985-50268	A 1	19850315
GI .					

AB The title compds. I [when X = H or NH2, Y = OH, R1 = H, R2 = Cl, Br, Q; when X = OH, Y = H or NH2, R1 = Cl, Br, Q, R2= H; Z = O, S; R3, R6 = H, F, Cl, Br, Me, Et, cyano, MeO, EtO; R4, R7 = H, F, Cl, Br, cyano, CF3, CF3(CF2)3, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) alkoxy, acyl, acylamino,

etc.; R5 = Q], useful as liquid crystal compns. such as dyes for a guest-host effect liquid crystal display device, are prepared Heating p-BuC6H4OH 15.8, N-methylpyrrolidone 30, and K2CO3 3 parts at 150°, adding 11.2 parts I (R1 = R5 = Br; R2 = R3 = H; R4 = Bu; X = OH; Y = NH2) and heating at 160° gave 4.2 parts I (R1 = R5 = Q where R6 = H, R7 = Bu, Z = O, R2 = R3 = H; R4 = Bu; X = OH; Y = NH2) (II), whose acetone solution was blue. The dichroic ratios and solubilities (at 20°) of 11% II with ZLI-1565 (Merck), E-8 (BDH) and ZLI-1840 (Merck) were 10.5 and 5.4%, 10.9 and 5.8%, and 11.2 and 5.0%, resp.

IT 108577-64-6P 108577-86-2P 108577-93-1P 108577-94-2P 108577-97-5P 108578-25-2P 108578-33-2P 108578-39-8P 108578-55-8P 108603-04-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as dye for liquid crystal display elements) 108577-64-6 CAPLUS

RN 108577-64-6 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-8-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, dipropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 108577-86-2 CAPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[4-amino-8-[(4-butylphenyl)amino]-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 108577-93-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[3,7-bis(4-acetylphenoxy)-5-amino-9,10-dihydro-4,8-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-1-anthracenyl]amino]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 108577-94-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4,4'-[[4-amino-8-[[4-(ethoxycarbonyl)phenyl]amino]-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ C-OEt \\ NH \\ O \\ NH \\ O \\ OH \\ O \\ NH_2 \\ \end{array}$$

RN 108577-97-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[4-[(4-ethylphenyl)amino]-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 108578-25-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4,4'-[[4-[[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]amino]-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 108578-33-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,8-dihydroxy-5-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]-9,10-dioxo-2,7-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, dihexyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

- (CH₂)₅-Me

RN 108578-39-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenebutanoic acid, 4,4'-[[4-amino-5-[(4-dodecylphenyl)amino]-9,10-dihydro-1,8-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,7-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, dipropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

- OPr-n

RN 108578-55-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenebutanoic acid, 4,4'-[[4-[[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]amino]-9,10-dihydro-1,8-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,7-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, dioctyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 108603-04-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[4-amino-8-[(4-butylphenyl)amino]-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl]bis(oxy)]bis-, dioctyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

- (CH2)7-Me

L4 ANSWER 24 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1987:41512 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

106:41512

TITLE:

Silver halide color photographic material

INVENTOR(S):

Ichijima, Yasushi; Yamada, Kozaburo; Usui, Hideo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

. 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 61102646 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	A	19860521	JP 1984-224696 JP 1984-224696	19841025 < 19841025

AB A Ag halide color photog. material is provided with ≥1 photosensitive Ag halide layer containing ≥1 coupler (I) [R = coupler residue being split off on reaction with the oxidation product of the principal developer; Z = O, S; R1 = aliphatic, aromatic, aliphaticoxy, aliphatic or

aromatic thio, acyl, aliphatic or aromatic oxycarbonyl, sulfonyl, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, arylamino, ureido, carbamoyloxy, halo, CN, formyl, NO2; n=1, 2]. Image sharpness and granularity are improved.

IT 105621-03-2

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photog. coupler, image sharpness and granularity improvement by)

RN 105621-03-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-

oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-hydroxy-, butyl
ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 25 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:605296 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:205296

TITLE: Rat liver iodothyronine monodeiodinase. Evaluation of

the iodothyronine ligand-binding site

AUTHOR(S): Koehrle, Josef; Auf'mkolk, Michael; Rokos, Hartmut;

Hesch, Rolf Dieter; Cody, Vivian

CORPORATE SOURCE: Abt. Klin. Endokrinol., Med. Hochsch., Hannover,

D-3000/61, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Journal of Biological Chemistry (1986),

261(25), 11613-22

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Ligand binding characteristics of rat liver microsomal type I iodothyronine deiodinase were evaluated by measuring dose-response inhibition and apparent Km and Ki values for iodothyronine analogs to compete as substrates or inhibitors for the natural substrate T4. Strong correlations with the binding requirements of hormone analogs to serum thyroxine-binding prealbumin are demonstrated since iodothyronine analogs with a neg. charged side chain, a neg. charge, or H bonding function in the 4'-position, tetraiodo ring substitution, and a skewed hormone conformation are structural features shared in common which markedly affect enzyme activity and protein-binding affinity. 3,3',5'-Triiodo-Lthyronine is the most potent natural substrate and tetraiodothyroacetic acid is the most potent inhibitor. Both T4-5'- and T4-5-deiodination pathways are inhibited by these potent analogs, providing further evidence for a single enzyme catalyzing the rat liver microsomal deiodination reactions. These data also show that L-hormone analogs are preferentially deiodinated via the T4-5'-deiodination pathway, whereas D-analogs produce products via the T4-5-deiodination pathway. The T4-binding prealbumin complex was used to model the interaction of thyroid hormones with the deiodinase active site. Computer graphic modeling of the prealbumin complex showed that only those analogs which are potent deiodinase inhibitors or substrates can be accommodated in the hormone-binding site. This model suggests the design of functionally specific ligands which can modulate peripheral thyroid hormone metabolism and act as antithyroidal drugs. 105172-59-6 105172-60-9 105172-71-2 IT

105172-72-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(thyroxine deiodinase of liver microsomes inhibition by,

structure-activity relations in)

RN 105172-59-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-(4-hydroxy-3-iodo-5-nitrophenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX

RN 105172-60-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-dinitrophenoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 105172-71-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-(4-hydroxy-3-iodo-5-nitrophenoxy)-3,5-diiodo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{I} \\ \text{HO} \\ \text{NO}_2 \end{array} \qquad \text{CH}_2-\text{CO}_2\text{H}$$

RN 105172-72-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-dinitrophenoxy)-3,5-diiodo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1986:535472 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

105:135472

TITLE:

Anthraquinone dyes

INVENTOR(S):

Morishita, Yasuyoshi; Matsunaga, Daisaku

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nippon Kayaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: . . FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

Japanese

PATENT INFORMATION:

) I I

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE
					
JP 61051062	Α	19860313	JP	1984-171519	19840820 <
JP 03039554	В	19910614			•
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP	1984-171519	19840820
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASRE	ACT 105:1354	72		
GI					

Anthraquinone dyes for guest-host type liquid crystal displays were prepared having the general formula I [when X = amino, Y = H; when X = OH, Y = H or OH; R1 = H, F, Cl, cyano, Me, Et, MeO, EtO; R2 = H, F, Cl, Br, cyano, CF3, (un)substituted C1-12 alkyl or alkoxy, -(C2H4O)mCH2CH:CHR3, -O(C2H4O)mCH2CH:CHR3, -(CH2)nCO2R4, -COR4, -NHCOR4, -NHCOR4, -NR5R6, tetrahydropyrrolo, piperidino, morpholino, -OR7; R3 = H, Me, Ph; R4 = C1-4 alkyl; one of R5 and R6 is H or C1-4 alkyl, while the other is C1-4 alkyl; R7 = C2-9 alkyl containing at least 3 F; m = 0, 1, 2; n = 0, 1, 2, 3]. Thus, p-butylphenol was treated with 1-amino-4,8-dihydroxy-3,7-dibromo-anthraquinone in the presence of K2CO3 at 180° for 5 h to give red I (R1 = Y = H; R2 = Bu; X = NH2) with dichroic ratio (in ZLI-1565) 10.5 and good compatibility with E-5 liquid crystal and lightfastness.

IT 104359-88-8 104359-89-9 104359-90-2 104359-91-3 104359-92-4 104359-93-5 104359-94-6 104359-95-7 104359-96-8 104401-68-5

RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
 (dyes, for liquid crystal displays)

RN 104359-88-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 104359-89-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dipropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 104359-90-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 104359-91-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 104359-92-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

RN 104359-93-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenebutanoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

-- OMe

RN 104359-94-6 CAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 2,6-bis(4-acetylphenoxy)-4-amino-1,5-dihydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 104359-95-7 CAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 4-amino-1,5-dihydroxy-2,6-bis[4-(1-oxopropyl)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 104359-96-8 CAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 4-amino-1,5-dihydroxy-2,6-bis[4-(1oxopentyl)phenoxy] - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 104401-68-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 27 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1986:234240 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

104:234240

TITLE:

Treating a silver halide photographic material Ishikawa, Masao; Koboshi, Shigeharu; Kuse, Satoru

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

Ger. Offen., 35 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3517396	A1	19851121	DE 1985-3517396	19850514 <
DE 3517396	C2	19980430		
JP 60239749	Α	19851128	JP 1984-95613	19840515 <

JP 03027891	В	19910417				
AU 8542451	Α	19851121	AU 1985-42451		19850514	<
AU 585509	B2	19890622				
CA 1265374	A1	19900206	CA 1985-481483		19850514	<
US 4778746	Α	19881018	US 1987-97293		19870914	<
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1984-95613	Α	19840515	
•			US 1985-731127	A2	19850506	
•			US 1986-835475	A1	19860303	

GΙ

Ι

AB A method for the processing of a color photog. material, which involves no washwater whatsoever, is described. The method, which is economical and reduces environmental pollution, uses a material containing cyan coupler of the formula I (R, R1 = H, C2-12 branched or straight chain alkyl; R2 = a ballast group; R3 = H or a group cleavable upon a coupling reaction). The method also involves treatment of the material with a processing solution with fixing capability and with a stabilizing solution Thus, a color photog. paper with a gelatin-Ag(Br,C1) emulsion containing II was wedge-exposed, color developed, bleach-fixed, stabilization-processed without washing, dried, and then stored 3 wks at 70° and 80% relative humidity to give 20% decrease in the dye d. vs. 28% for a control processed by standard CNK-18 processing.

II

IT 102579-89-5

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photog. cyan coupler, color processing of materials containing, elimination of washing in)

RN 102579-89-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-2-ethyl-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1986:224689 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

104:224689

TITLE:

2-Amino-5-nitrophenol derivatives

INVENTOR(S):

Itoh, Isamu; Ono, Mitsunori; Kogayashi, Hidetoshi;

Yamakawa, Kazuyoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 62 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
				-	
DE 3521454	A 1	19860102	DE 1985-3521454		19850614 <
JP 61002757	A	19860108	JP 1984-122460		19840614 <
JP 05053784	В	19930810			
US 4743595	Α	19880510	US 1985-743956		19850612 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	JP 1984-122460	Α	19840614
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASRE	ACT 104:22468	9; MARPAT 104:224689		
GI					

The benzoxazoles I [R = Cl, Br; Rl = H, (un)substituted Ph, CH:CHOMe, C.tplbond.CH, heterocyclic radical, etc.; R2, R3 = H, Me, MeO, Cl, etc.] (preparation given) are subjected to nucleophilic substitution of the R group, followed by ring opening, to give the title compds. II [R = nucleophile group; R2, R3 = as above; R4 = H, COR1]. Thus, BzCl was added to a mixture of 2-amino-4-chloro-5-nitrophenol, Et3N, and AcNMe2, to give the corresponding benzoyloxy derivative, which was refluxed with p-MeC6H4SO3H in MePh to give I (R = Cl, R1 = Ph, R2 = R3 = H). The product underwent nucleophilic substitution to give I (R = OPh, R1, R2, R3 = as above), which upon alkaline hydrolysis gave II (R = OPh, R2 = R3 = R4 = H). II are synthetic intermediates, e.g., for photog. couplers.

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as synthetic intermediate)

L4 ANSWER 29 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1986:177859 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

104:177859

TITLE:

Anthraquinone derivatives

INVENTOR(S):

Morishita, Yasuyoshi; Matsunaga, Daisaku

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Nippon Kayaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 60192766	Α	19851001	JP 1984-47156	19840314 <
JP 02051942	В	19901109		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1984-47156	19840314
GI .				

$$R^3$$
 R^4
 OH
 OH
 O
 R
 R^2
 $-Z$
 R^5
 R^7
 R^6
 II

Anthraquinone derivs. I [R, R1 = OH, NH2; R ≠ R1; R2 = II; R3, R4 = H, II; R3 ≠ R4; Z = O, S; R5, R6 = H, C1, F, Br, CN, Me, Et, MeO, EtO; R7 = H, F, C1, Br, Cn, CF3, C1-12 alkyl, C1-12 alkoxy, (CH2CH2O)nCH=CHR8, O(CH2CH2O)mCH2CH:CHR8, (CH2)nCO2R9, COR9, NHCOR9, NHCO2R9, NR1OR11, OR12, morpholino, piperidino, pyrrolidino; when R7 is alkyl or alkoxy, it may be substituted with cyclohexyl, cyclohexyloxy, Ph, or phenoxy group, and may contain 1-3 O linkage within the claim; R8 = H, Me, Ph; R9 = C1-4 alkyl, R10 = C1-4 alkyl; R11 = H, C1-4 alkyl; R12 = C2-9 polyfluoroalkyl containing ≥3 F atoms; m = 0, 1, 2; n = 0, 1, 2, 3] are claimed. The anthraquinone derivs. are exp. useful as pleochroic dyes for guest-host effect liquid crystal display devices. Thus, reaction of p-BuC6H4OH with I (R = OH; R1 = NH2; R2 = R4 = Br; R3 = H) gave I (R = OH; R1 = NH2; R2 = R4 = p-BuC6H4O; R3 = H), which was mixed with a com. liquid crystal composition E - 7. A liquid crystal cell prepared by using the liquid crystal composition showed a dichroic ratio of .apprx.10.

IT 101852-24-8P 101852-25-9P 101852-26-0P 101852-27-1P 101852-28-2P 101852-29-3P 101852-30-6P 101852-31-7P 101852-32-8P

101852-33-9P 101852-54-4P 101852-55-5P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as dichroic dye for liquid crystal display devices)

RN 101852-24-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-25-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-26-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dipropyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-27-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-28-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-29-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

RN 101852-30-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenebutanoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,6-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MeO-C- (CH₂)
$$_3$$
 OH O OH (CH₂) $_3$ -C

PAGE 1-B

--- OMe

RN 101852-31-7 CAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 2,6-bis(4-acetylphenoxy)-4-amino-1,5,8-trihydroxy-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-32-8 CAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 4-amino-1,5,8-trihydroxy-2,6-bis[4-(1-oxopropyl)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-33-9 CAPLUS

CN 9,10-Anthracenedione, 4-amino-1,5,8-trihydroxy-2,6-bis[4-(1-oxopentyl)phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-54-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,7-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dibutyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 101852-55-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4,4'-[(4-amino-9,10-dihydro-1,5,8-trihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,7-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis[3-methyl-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:569823 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:169823

TITLE: Silver halide color photosensitive materials

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE:

ŧ

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 60091355	Α	19850522	JP 1983-199696	19831025 <
JP 02059972	В	19901214		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1983-199696	19831025
GT				

RCONH NHCONH
$$\mathbb{R}^{2}_{n}$$

tert-C₈H₁₇
$$\longrightarrow$$
 OCH (C₆H₁₃) CONH \longrightarrow C1 \bigcirc C0₂C₈H₁₇ \longrightarrow C0₂C₈H₁₇

II

AB Title materials contain the cyan coupler I [R = (substituted) alkyl, aryl, heterocycle; R1 = (substituted) alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycle; R2 = halo; n = 1-5; when n \geq 2, all R2 need not be the same]. The materials show excellent color-forming property and dispersibility. Thus, 135 g II was mixed with 100 mL di-Bu phthalate and 100 mL EtoAc at 60° to dissolve, and mixed with 1000 mL aqueous solution (50°) containing 100 g gelatin and 10 g Na dodecylbenzenesulfonate and vigorously stirred to obtain a fine coupler dispersion, 350 g of which was mixed with 1 kg 6:94 (mol) AgI/AgBr emulsion and coated on a cellulose triacetate film support by 7 + 10-4 mol/m2, then further coated with a gelatin protective layer to form a 1- μ -thick dry film. The obtained material was sensitometrically wedge exposed, developed, bleached, fixed, and stabilized, showing high sensitivity, large maximum, d., and good fastness at 80° for 14 days.

IT 98790-46-6

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photog. cyan coupler)

RN 98790-46-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[2-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenoxy]-1-oxooctyl]amino]-5-[[[(3,4-dichlorophenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]-4-hydroxyphenyl]thio]-, octyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 31 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:513259 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

103:113259

TITLE:

Silver halide color photographic material

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				
JP 60050533	Α	19850320	JP 1983-158470	19830830 <
JP 03016012	В	19910304		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1983-158470	19830830

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The claimed color photog. material contains a cyan dye-forming coupler expressed by the formula I or II (R = alkyl, aryl, heterocyclic group; R1 = alkyl, aryl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclic group; R2 = halo, alkyl, aryl, OH, alkoxy, acyloxy, aryloxy, acyl, sulfonyl, alkylthio, NO2; A = 5-or 6-membered condensed ring consisting of nonmetallic atom group; m = 1-4; n = 0-2; R2 may be A). Coupler I and II provide cyan dyes stable at high temperature and at lighted conditions, and in contrast to other 2-ureido-5-acylaminophenol couplers, they keep low stain level and have good solubility in coupler solvent. The couplers also have a good dye developability even in weak and/or exhausted bleaching baths. Thus, a Ag(Br,I) emulsion containing coupler I (R = butyl(2,5-di-tert-amylphenoxy)methylene; R1 = p-octyloxycarbonylphenyl; R2 = 2-chloro-4-cyanophenyl) was processed to give a stable cyan dye image with an excellent maximum d. and low stain level.

IT 97459-09-1P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as photog. cyan coupler)

RN 97459-09-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[2-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxohexyl]amino]-5-[[[(2-chloro-4-cyanophenyl)amino]carbonyl]amino]-4-hydroxyphenyl]thio]-, octyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 32 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:140725 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

102:140725

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Silver halide color photographic couplers

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				
JP 59228649	Α	19841222	JP 1983-103742	19830610 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		•	JP 1983-103742	19830610

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB A Ag halide color photog. material with improved color formation even if processed in a developing solution which does not contain a coloration promoting organic solvent such as PhCH2OH contains a coupler (e.g., a 2-equivalent coupler) having at the coupling position a group of the formula I (Z = O, S; A = benzene or naphthalene residue; R1 = halo, CN, NO2, alkyl, alkylsulfinyl, arylsulfinyl, alkoxy, acylaminoalkyl, N-acylcarboimidoyl, N-alkyl or N-arylcarboimidoyl, 5- or 6-member heterocyclyl, aryloxy; R2 = a group containing ≥1 of CO, SO2, =SO, H2P(O)-).

IT 95606-79-4

RL: USES (Uses)

(color photog. 2-equivalent coupler)

RN 95606-79-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-N-[4-[(ethylamino)sulfonyl]phenyl]-3-fluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

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ANSWER 33 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:112972 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Correction of: 1984:630070

102:112972 Correction of: 101:230070

TITLE:

[[(Aminomethyl)aryl]oxy]acetic acid esters. A new

class of high-ceiling diuretics. 2. Modifications of

the oxyacetic side chain

AUTHOR(S):

Plattner, Jacob J.; Fung, Anthony K. L.; Smital, Jill R.; Lee, Cheuk Man; Crowley, Steven R.; Pernet, Andre G.; Bunnell, Paul R.; Buckner, Steven A.; Sennello,

Lawrence T.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharm. Prod. Div., Abbott Lab., North Chicago, IL, 60064, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1984),

27(12), 1587-96

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

II

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal

GI

English

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{Cl} & \text{Co} & \text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2 \\ \text{RCH}_2\text{O} & \text{OH} & \text{I} \end{array}$$

AB Aminomethyl derivs. of Et [2,3-dichloro-4-(4-hydroxybenzoyl)phenoxy]acetat e with modified oxyacetic acid side chains were prepared Thus, the benzoylphenoxyacetate I (R = CO2Et) was converted to I (R = CONH2, CH2NH2, CH2CN). Systematic alteration of the oxyacetic acid side chain has shown that the carboxylic acid function is the active species in vivo and that the Et ester group serves as a prodrug to enhance oral absorption. Side-chain functional groups that are incapable of generating the carboxylic acid in vivo failed to impart diuretic activity to the target compds. Addnl. side-chain modifications including homologation, Me substitution, and heteroatom replacement are also described. Ring annulation of the oxyacetic side chain to a dihydrobenzofuran-2-carboxylic acid produced II, which displayed the highest level of saluretic activity for this series.

IT 87181-44-0P 87181-52-0P 92285-38-6P 92285-41-1P 92285-57-9P 92285-58-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and diuretic activity of)

RN 87181-44-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 87181-52-0 CAPLUS

EN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 92285-38-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

RN 92285-41-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

RN 92285-57-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 92285-58-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 34 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1985:87559 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

102:87559

TITLE:

Silver halide color photographic photosensitive

materials

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 59178459 Α 19841009 JP 1983-54742 19830329 <--US 4526861 19850702 US 1984-593795 Δ 19840327 <--PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1983-54742 19830329 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 102:87559

GI

AB Ag halide color photog. photosensitive materials contain couplers whose coupling site is substituted with a group of the formula ZZ1Rn (R = 5- or 6-membered heterocycle group having -CONHCO- or -CONHSO2- linkage within the ring; Z = 0, S; Z1 = C \geq 1 organic moiety; n = 1, 2). The couplers exhibit excellent coloration characteristics even in the absence of coloration promoters such as PhCH2OH. Thus, a test color photog. film prepared by using a Ag(Br,C1) emulsion containing a cyan coupler I was sensitometrically exposed and developed to show improved Dmax and γ -value regardless of developing agent used.

Ι

IT 94738-30-4

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with dioxoimidazolidinylacetic acid)

RN 94738-30-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-amino-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 35 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1984:630070 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

101:230070

TITLE: [[(Aminomethyl)aryl]oxy]acetic acid esters. A new

class of high-ceiling diuretics. 2. Modifications of

the oxyacetic side chain

Plattner, Jacob J.; Fung, Anthony K. L.; Smital, Jill AUTHOR(S):

R.; Lee, Cheuk Man; Crowley, Steven R.; Pernet, Andre

G.; Bunnell, Paul R.; Martin, Yvonne C.; Buckner,

Steven A.; Sennello, Lawrence T.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharm. Prod. Div., Abbott Lab., North Chicago, IL,

60064, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1984),

27(12), 1587-96

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 101:230070

$$C1$$
 CO CH_2NH_2 CH_2OH CH_2OH

AB Aminomethyl derivs. of Et [2,3-dichloro-4-(4-hydroxybenzoyl)phenoxy]acetat e with modified oxyacetic acid side chains were prepared Thus, the benzoylphenoxyacetate I (R = CO2Et) was converted to I (R = CONH2, CH2NH2, CH2CN). Systematic alteration of the oxyacetic acid side chain has shown that the carboxylic acid function is the active species in vivo and that the Et ester group serves as a prodrug to enhance oral absorption. Side-chain functional groups that are incapable of generating the carboxylic acid in vivo failed to impart diuretic activity to the target compds. Addnl. side-chain modifications including homologation, Me substitution, and heteroatom replacement are also described. Ring annulation of the oxyacetic side chain to a dihydrobenzofuran-2-carboxylic acid produced II, which displayed the highest level of saluretic activity for this series.

TT

ΙT 87181-44-0P 87181-52-0P 92285-38-6P 92285-41-1P 92285-57-9P 92285-58-0P

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and diuretic activity of)

RN 87181-44-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 87181-52-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 92285-38-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HC1

RN 92285-41-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HCl

RN 92285-57-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 92285-58-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ANSWER 36 OF 45

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1984:53202 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

100:53202

TITLE:

Anthraquinone dyes and dichroic material containing

these dyes

INVENTOR(S):

Blunck, Martin; Claussen, Uwe; Kroeck, Friedrich

Wilhelm; Neeff, Ruetger

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bayer A.-G. , Fed. Rep. Ger. Ger. Offen., 105 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3216455	A1	19831117	DE 1982-3216455	19820503 <
EP 93367	A2	19831109	EP 1983-104021	19830425 <
EP 93367	A 3	19860827	•	
EP 93367	B1	19890913		
R: CH, DE, FR,	GB, LI	, NL		
JP 58196260	A	19831115	JP 1983-73103	19830427 <
JP 04042438	В	19920713	•	
FR 2563227	A1	19851025	FR 1984-6147	19840418 <
US 4689171	Α	19870825	US 1985-774112	19850909 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1982-3216455 A	19820503
•			US 1983-485098 A	1 19830404
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	100:53202		

GI

Anthraquinone dyes (599) for use in liquid-crystal electrooptical displays were prepared by conventional methods. The dyes are blue to violet and have high order parameters (S) when dissolved in liquid crystal compns. such as alkyl(cyanoaryl)cyclohexane mixts. Typical dyes are I [83424-42-4] (S 0.78), II [88602-44-2] (S 0.73), and III [88602-45-3] (S 0.73).

IT 88603-96-7 88604-42-6 88604-78-8

88604-94-8

RL: PRP (Properties)

(dichroic dye, order parameter of, in nematic liquid crystal mixture)

RN 88603-96-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[(4,5-diamino-9,10-dihydro-1,8-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2,7-anthracenediyl)bis(oxy)]bis-, dipentyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

- (CH₂)₄-Me

RN 88604-42-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(4,5-diamino-7-bromo-9,10-dihydro-1,8-dihydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2-anthracenyl)oxy]-, pentyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 88604-78-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(4-amino-7-chloro-9,10-dihydro-1-hydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2anthracenyl)oxy]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 88604-94-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(4-amino-6-chloro-9,10-dihydro-1-hydroxy-9,10-dioxo-2anthracenyl)oxy]-, pentyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 37 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1983:539494 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

99:139494

TITLE:

Diphenyl ether, diphenyl thioether and diphenyl

methane phenol Mannich bases

INVENTOR(S):

Plattner, Jacob J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Abbott Laboratories, USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 10 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: USXXAM

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4389416	Α	19830621	US 1981-310164	19811009 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1981-310164	19811009
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASRE	ACT 99:13949	4; MARPAT 99:139494	

HO
$$\longrightarrow$$
 $Z^{1}CH_{2}R^{2}$

HO
$$\longrightarrow$$
 C1 C1 OCH₂CO₂Et

AB The title compds. [I; R = H, alkyl, H2NCH2, halo; Z = O, CH2, S, S(O); R1 = H, alkyl, halo; Z1 = O, CH2, S, bond; R2 = CO2H, carboxyalkyl, H2NCO, HOCH2, PhNHCH2, H2NCH2], with diuretic activity, were prepared Thus, phenoxyacetate II (R3 = H, Z = CH2), obtained by NaBH4 reduction of II (R3 = H, Z = CO), was treated with ClCH2CONHCH2OH in AcOH containing H2SO4 to give II (R3 = ClCH2CONHCH2, Z = CH2), which on acid hydrolysis gave II.HCl (R3 = H2NCH2, Z = CH2). Natriuretic activities of I (R = H, Cl; R1 = Cl; Z = Z1 = O; R2 = CONH2, CO2Et, CH2OH) in rats were greater than that of Bumetanide.

Ι

II

IT 87181-52-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and diuretic activity of)

RN 87181-52-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 87181-43-9P 87181-51-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and hydrolysis of)

RN 87181-43-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2,3-dichloro-4-[3-[[(chloroacetyl)amino]methyl]-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 87181-51-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 2,3-dichloro-4-[3-[[(chloroacetyl)amino]methyl]-4hydroxyphenoxy]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

87181-44-0P IT

> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reduction of)

RN 87181-44-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & & & & \\ \hline \\ EtO-C-CH_2-CH_2 & & & \\ \hline \\ C1 & & CH_2-NH_2 \\ \end{array}$$

HC1

ANSWER 38 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1983:531288 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

99:131288

TITLE:

Photographic elements containing aryloxy substituted

photographic couplers

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lau, Philip Thiam Shin Eastman Kodak Co., USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 32 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
EP 80355	A1	19830601	EP 1982-306197	19821122 <		
EP 80355 EP 80355	B1 B2	19850508 19940406				
R: CH, DE, FR,			·			
US 4401752	\mathbf{A}^{\cdot}	19830830	US 1981-324237	19811123 <		
CA 1190930	A1	19850723	CA 1982-411819	19820921 <		
JP 58095346	Α	19830606	JP 1982-203822	19821122 <		
JP 05049975	В	19930727				
US 103402	I4	19830906	US 1983-463425	19830203 <		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1981-324237 A	19811123		
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	99:131288				

AB Photog. two-equivalent dye-forming coupler having good reactivity and capable of yielding high amts. of a dye upon reaction with oxidized color developing agents contains an aryloxy coupling off group having in ortho position a polarizable carbonyl, sulfonyl or phosphinyl moiety-containing group, and is free of photog. dye and reagent groups. Thus, a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support was coated with a Ag(Br,I) emulsion (0.75 g Ag/m2, gelatin 3.78 g/m2) containing I dispersed in 1/2 its weight of di-Bu phthalate and coated at 2.7 + 10-3 mol/m2, overcoated with a gelatin layer containing a hardener, imagewise exposed, and processed to give an image having a Dmax 2.65 and γ 0.89.

Ι

IT 86841-08-9P 86841-09-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and photog. application of)

RN 86841-08-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-(acetylamino)-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 86841-09-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-(acetylamino)-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 39 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1981:433408 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

95:33408

TITLE:

Photographic couplers containing a timing group

INVENTOR(S):

Lau, Philip T. S.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Eastman Kodak Co., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 44 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 864,126,

abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

Englist

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4248962	 A	19810203	US 1978-972614	19781222 <
CA 1134818	A A1	19821102	CA 1978-315770	19781103 <
FR 2412872	A1	19790720	FR 1978-35905	19781221 <
FR 2412872	B1	19840601		
BE 873046	A1	19790622	BE 1978-192543	19781222 <
GB 2010818	Α	19790704	GB 1978-49761	19781222 <
GB 2010818	В	19820512		
JP 54145135	Α	19791113	JP 1978-158177	19781223 <
JP 61027738	В	19860626	•	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1977-864126 A2 19771223

AB Photog. couplers, which release a photog. useful group by an intramol. nucleophilic displacement reaction are comprised of a coupler moiety, a photog. dye or reagent containing a heteroatom from Group VA or VIA (having neg. valence 2 or 3), and a timing group between the coupler moiety and the photog. dye or reagent. Thus, a photog. emulsion layer containing yellow dye forming coupler I 0.65 g/m2, gave upon processing a dye image with d. significantly higher than that of a control dye used in the emulsion layer at a concentration of 1.3 g/m2.

IT 72144-17-3 72144-18-4 72144-19-5

RL: USES (Uses)

(as photog. cyan coupler which releases competing coupler)

RN 72144-17-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-[methyl[(1-naphthalenyloxy)carbonyl]amino]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 72144-18-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[[5-(aminosulfonyl)-1-naphthalenyl]oxy]carbonyl](1-methylethyl)amino]-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 72144-19-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-[(1-methylethyl)[[(6-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)oxy]carbonyl]amino]-, 1-butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 77663-45-7 CAPLUS CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-

Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-[[[4-[[2-[[5-[2,5-bis[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]oxy]phenyl]-1-oxopentyl]amino]-5-[[4-(heptyloxy)benzoyl]amino]-4-oxo-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]amino]phenoxy]carbonyl]methylamino]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

- (CH₂)₆-Me

PAGE 2-B

L4 ANSWER 40 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1980:613290 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

93:213290

TITLE:

Cyan couplers for silver halide color photographic

materials

INVENTOR(S):

Kojima, Tamotsu; Fujimatsu, Wataru; Udagawa, Yasushi;

Sasaki, Osamu; Yamashita, Kiyoshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
				_			
JP 55035377	Α	19800312	JP 1978-108832		19780904 <		
JP 57004896	В	19820128		•			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1978-108832	Α	19780904		
GT							

$$\begin{bmatrix} R^2CONR^1 \\ HO & Z \\ & & Z \end{bmatrix} Z^1$$

AB Ag halide color photog. materials contain cyan couplers of the formula I [R = H, C1-5 aliphatic hydrocarbon moiety with/without substituent; R1 = H, organic moiety; R2 = diffusion-resistant moiety conventionally used in color couplers; R1R2 in combination may complete N-containing heterocyclic ring; Z = O-containing organic moiety which is bonded via O to the active position of the coupler moiety; Z1 = simple bond, or n-valent organic moiety, or H (when n = 1); n = 1,2]. Thus, a cyan coupler $6-[\alpha-(2,4-\text{di-tert-amylphenoxy})$ butyramido]-4-ethoxycarbonylmethoxy-2-fluoro-3-methylphenol was used to give a color photog. material, which gave photog. images with

good stability, optical d., and high color-formation speed even in the absence of PhCH2OH in a color developer solution

IT 75505-59-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 75505-59-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[8-(acetylamino)-1-hydroxy-3,6-disulfo-2-naphthalenyl]azo]-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-fluoro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, 1-butyl ester, compd. with pyridine (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 75505-58-7 CMF C50 H59 F N4 O14 S2

CM 2

CRN 110-86-1 CMF C5 H5 N



L4 ANSWER 41 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:13646 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:13646

TITLE: Photographic recording material

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Eastman Kodak Co., USA
SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 117 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2 PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	DE 2855697	A1	19790628	DE 1978-2855697	19781222 <
	DE 2855697	C2	19880728		
	CA 1134818	A1	19821102	CA 1978-315770	19781103 <
	FR 2412872	A1	19790720	FR 1978-35905	19781221 <
	FR 2412872	B1	19840601		
	BE 873046	A1	19790622	BE 1978-192543	19781222 <
	GB 2010818	Α	19790704	GB 1978-49761	19781222 <
	GB 2010818	В	19820512		
	JP 54145135	Α	19791113	JP 1978-158177	19781223 <
	JP 61027738	В	19860626		
PR	IORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1977-864126	A 19771223
CT					*

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB A compound for time-release development of photog.images consists of Cp-Nu-X-E-PD where Cp is a coupling group which is split off by reaction with oxidized developer compds., Nu-X-E is a control group for time release with Nu a nucleophilic group containing an electron-rich O, S, or N atom, E a electrophilic group containing an electron-deficient CO, CS, phosphinyl, or thiophosphinyl group, and X an intermediate group which completes a 3-7 membered ring on reaction of Nu and E after Cp is split off, and PD is a photog. developable group with a Group VA or VIA heteroatom of electroneg. 2 or 3 which connects it to E. Formation of the ring splits off PD in the development. Thus, the cyan development inhibitor-releasing coupler I was prepared by reduction of II 100 g in EtOAc

mL with H2 2.80 kg/cm2 and a Pd catalyst, the reaction of the product 14.5 g with succinimide 11.9 mL and CH2O 11.9 mL in EtOH 250 mL for 30 h on a steam bath, the reaction of the product 30.4 g in DMSO 250 mL with NaBH4 1.8 g for 30 min at <40°, and the reaction of the product 7.0 g in THF 35 mL with a 1.0M THF solution of S,S'-carbonyldi-1-phenyl-5-mercaptotetrazole 12 mL for 2 h. A film with a Ag halide emulsion (Ag 1.35 g/m2), a cyan coupler 0.70, a development inhibitor-releasing coupler III 0.251, and gelatin 2.7 g/m2 with a cover layer of gelatin 0.86 g/m2 was exposed through a step wedge, developed for 2 1/2 min at 38° in a solution of diaminopropanoltetraacetic acid 2.5, hydroxylamine sulfate 2.0, Na2SO3 4.0, 4-amino-3-methyl-N-ethyl-N- β -hydroxyethylaniline sulfate 4.5, K2CO3 37.5, NaBr 1.4, KI 0.002 g, and H2O to 1 L at pH = 10.0, bleached, fixed, and washed to give an image with a higher optical d. than that for a film which contains IV 0.193 g/m2 instead of III.

IT 72144-07-1 72144-08-2 72144-17-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(photog. DIR coupler, for time-release development)

RN 72144-07-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-(methylamino)-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 72144-08-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-[[[4-[[2-[[5-[2,5-bis[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]oxy]phenoxy]-1-oxopentyl]amino]-5-[[4-(heptyloxy)benzoyl]amino]-4-oxo-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]amino]phenoxy]carbonyl]methylamino]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 2-B

RN72144-17-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-[methyl[(1naphthalenyloxy)carbonyl]amino]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ΙT 72144-07-1P 72144-09-3P 72144-16-2P

72144-18-4P 72144-19-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN72144-07-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-(methylamino)-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 72144-09-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[[5-[[(3-aminophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-4-[[2-(methylsulfonyl)-4-nitrophenyl]azo]-1-naphthalenyl]oxy]carbonyl]methylamin o]-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

72144-16-2 CAPLUS

RN

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-[[(2,5-dioxo-1-

RN 72144-18-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[[[5-(aminosulfonyl)-1-naphthalenyl]oxy]carbonyl](1-methylethyl)amino]-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 72144-19-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-[(1-methylethyl)[[(6-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)oxy]carbonyl]amino]-, 1-butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 42 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1977:446560 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

87:46560

TITLE:

Color corrected photographic elements

INVENTOR(S):

Orvis, Roy L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Eastman Kodak Co., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 17 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
		 -		
US 4004929	Α	19770125	US 1975-561019	19750321 <
CA 1058941	A1	19790724	CA 1975-220415	19750219 <
BE 826278	A 1	19750904	BE 1975-153993	19750304 <
JP 50123341	Α	19750927	JP 1975-26439	19750304 <
JP 57051098	В	19821030		
FR 2263538	A1	19751003	FR 1975-6632	19750304 <
FR 2263538	B1	19790608		
GB 1487518	Α	19771005	GB 1975-8901	19750304 <
СН 616515	A 5	19800331	CH 1975-2716	19750304 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1974-447809	A2 19740304
GT				

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The colored coupler compound I (R = C1-6 alkyl; R1, R2 = C2-6 alkyl; R3 = H, C02R6 where R6 = C1-8 alkyl; R4 = II, III where R5 = C1-4 alkyl; X = tertiary amine; M = cation) is used to correct the unwanted absorption in the green and blue regions caused by cyan dye images in color photog. Ag halide emulsions. Thus, a Ag(Br,Cl)-gelatin emulsion spectrally sensitized to red light and containing the cyan coupler 1-hydroxy-2-[8-(2,4-di-tert-pentylphenoxy)butyl]naphthamide and the color-correcting coupler IV was coated on a subbed poly(ethylene terephthalate) support, exposed through a graduated-d. test object, and color processed. The resulting characteristic curves for red, green, and blue light absorption

CM 1

CRN 59097-98-2 CMF C50 H59 Cl N4 O14 S2

CM 2

CRN 110-86-1 CMF C5 H5 N



IT 59098-05-4P

RN 59098-05-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-nitro-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 43 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1976:534185 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

85:134185

TITLE:

Viscosity control of emulsions containing Fischer

couplers

AUTHOR(S):

Malan, Rodwick L.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

UK

SOURCE:

Research Disclosure (1976), 147, 16-17 (No.

14722)

CODEN: RSDSBB; ISSN: 0374-4353

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
	-					
RD 147022		197,60710				
PRIÓRITY APPLN. INFO.:			RD 1976-147022	19760710		
GI						

The undesired increase in viscosity of photog. emulsions containing Fischer couplers can be eliminated by reacting the couplers with compds. containing amino groups, such as glycine or urea, prior to or during the incorporation of the couplers in the photog. emulsions. The amount of amino compound can be so adjusted as to give no increase in viscosity or to give a controlled, desired increase in viscosity. This procedure can also be applied to photog. emulsions in which both Fischer couplers and oil-soluble couplers are incorporated. Thus, to a solution of the Fischer coupler I 17.5 g in water 200 g (66°) was added glycine 2.2 g. The solution was then held with stirring for .apprx.10 min at .apprx.65°, and then added to 540 g of a solution comprising 8.3% deionized gelatin and 0.7% Na

triisopropylnaphthalenesulfonate. The pH of the resulting dispersion was then adjusted to 4.8 with 2N propionic acid and the weight then adjusted to 1,500 g with distilled water to show a lower viscosity than a control containing no glycine.

IT 59097-98-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(photog. emulsions containing, viscosity control of, with glycine or urea)

RN 59097-98-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[8-(acetylamino)-1-hydroxy-3,6-disulfo-2-naphthalenyl]azo]-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, 1-butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 44 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1976:172111 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

84:172111

TITLE:

SOURCE:

Color photographic recording material

INVENTOR(S):

Orvis, Roy L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Eastman Kodak Co., USA Ger. Offen., 37 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent German

LANGUAGE:

OCTINE

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
	2509408	A1	19750911	DE 1975-2509408	19750304	<
_	2509408 2509408	C3 B2	19790809 19781207			
CA	1058941	A1	19790724	CA 1975-220415	19750219	<
	826278 50123341	A1 A	19750904 19750927	BE 1975-153993 JP 1975-26439	19750304 19750304	
	57051098	В	19821030	01 1975-20459	19/30304	_
	2263538	Al	19751003	FR 1975-6632	19750304	<
	2263538 1487518	B1 A	19790608 19771005	GB 1975-8901	19750304	<

GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

The fast and perfect color correction of the unwanted blue and green absorption of cyan image dyes in photog. emulsions is achieved by using a combination of a color-correcting coupler, such as I and II, with a naphtholic cyan dye-forming coupler, such as 1-hydroxy-N-[4-(2,4-di-tert-pentylphenoxy)butyl]-2-naphthamide (III). Thus, a subbed poly(ethylene terephthalate) support coated with a gelatin-Ag(Cl,Br) emulsion at Ag 972, gelatin 2376, I 551, and II 175mg/m2 was sensitometrically exposed, developed in a developer containing 4-amino-3-methyl-N-ethyl-N- β - (methanesulfonamido)ethylaniline, bleach-fixed, stabilized, and dried to show characteristic curve for red, green, and blue, which were surprisingly close to the ideal color correction.

IT 59098-05-4

RL: USES (Uses)

(diazotization and coupling reaction of, with acetamidohydroxynaphthalenedisulfonic acid disodium salt)

RN 59098-05-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-3-nitro-, butyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 59097-99-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photog. coupler, for color correction of unwanted blue and green absorption of cyan image dyes)

RN 59097-99-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3-[[8-(acetylamino)-1-hydroxy-3,6-disulfo-2-naphthalenyl]azo]-4-[5-[[2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-1-oxobutyl]amino]-3-chloro-4-hydroxy-2-methylphenoxy]-, 1-butyl ester, compd. with pyridine (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 59097-98-2 CMF C50 H59 Cl N4 O14 S2

CM 2

CRN 110-86-1 CMF C5 H5 N



L4 ANSWER 45 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:97662 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:97662

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:18552i,18553a-i,18554a-f

TITLE:

Phenoxycinnamic acid derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Siedel, Walter; Nahm, Helmut; Pini, Henning

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Farbwerke Hoechst AG

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
					
US 2894977		19590714	US		<
DE 1067826			DE		•
GB 843695			GB		

AB 3-Iodo-5-nitro-4-hydroxybenzaldehyde (I) (106 g.) suspended in 370 cc. pyridine treated at 20° with 70 g. PhSO2Cl, then 90 g.
4-methoxyphenol, the mixture boiled 1 hr., the solvent removed, the residue digested with 2N HCl, the product extracted 3 times with Et2O, and the residue washed with 2N NaOH and H2O gave 98 g. 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)benzaldehyde (II), m. 101°. II (40 g.) and 21 g. hippuric acid (III) heated 2.5 hrs. at 100° with 10 g. anhydrous NaOAc and 70 cc. Ac2O, the mixture cooled, and the solid filtered off, washed (CCl4, then H2O), and dried gave 40 g. 2-phenyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-5-(4-methoxyphenoxy)benzylidene]-5-oxazolone (IV), m. 214°. IV (326 g.)

added during 10 mins. to a solution of 36 g. Na in 2500 cc. MeOH, 160 cc. 95% AcOH added, and the solids filtered off and washed with Et20 gave 277 g. Me 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)-α-benzamidocinnamate (V), m. 220°. V (200 g.) in 1000 cc. tetrahydrofuran and 1000 cc. MeOH reduced at room temperature over 50 g. Raney Ni and the mixture filtered after 2

hrs., concentrated, cooled, and filtered gave 172 g. Me 3-iodo-5-amino-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)- α -benzamidocinnamate (VI), m. 188°. Nitrosylsulfuric acid (VII) (from 10 g. NaNO2 and 180 cc. H2SO4) diluted at 10° with 300 cc. 95% AcOH and the solution treated at 0-5° with a solution of 45 g. VI in 105 cc. HCONMe2 and 45 cc. AcOH, the mixture stirred 0.5 hr., added to a well-stirred mixture of 1200 cc. water, 450 cc. CHC13, 28 g. KI and 30 g. urea, excess iodine removed with NaHSO3 solution, the mixture filtered, the CHC13 layer separated, washed with water, evaporated, the residue combined with the solids filtered off, and the product recrystd. gave 43 g. Me 3,5-diiodo-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)- α -benzamidocinnamate (VIII), m. 225-6°. To a cooled solution of 300 cc. Ac20 containing 300 cc. HI (d. 1.70). 0.2 g. FeSO4, and 36 g. red P, 60 g. VIII was added, MeI continuously distilled off, the mixture filtered after 90 mins., the filtrate evaporated, the residue digested twice with 150 cc. iso-Pr2O, the residue boiled in 480 cc. H2O containing 50 cc. HCl, concentrated NH4OH added,

the

mixture filtered, and the residue washed (H2O, MeOH, and Me2CO) and dried to give 44.4 g. DL-3,5-diiodothyronine (IX); Me ester m. 178°. IX (3 g.) in 60 cc. H2O and 14 cc. N NaOH treated during 40 min. with a solution of 1.8 g. p-toluenesulfonic acid-potassium iodamide in 30 cc. H2O, the mixture stirred 30 mins., the pH brought to 6 with AcOH, the precipitate filtered off, boiled with 500 cc. 2N HCl, and the mixture filtered and cooled gave 2.95 g. DL-3,3',5-triiodothyronine-HCl (X). I (106 g.) and 123 g. 4-benzoyloxyphenol gave 133 g. 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4benzoyloxyphenoxy)benzaldehyde (XI), m. 142°. XI (19 g.) and 5 g. aceturic acid (XII) gave 20.5 g. 2-methyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4benzoyloxyphenoxy)benzylidene]-5-oxazolone (XIII), m. 206°. XIII (19.5 g.) and NaOMe (XIV) (from 1 g. Na) gave 14 g. Me 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)- α -acetamidocinnamate (XV), m. 221-3°. XV (78 g.) was reduced to give 56 g. Me $3-iodo-5-amino-4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)-\alpha-acetamidocinnamate (XVI), m.$ 215°. XVI (30 g.) and VII (from 9 g. NaNO2) treated with 3.5 g. KI, 5.2 g. iodine, and 2 g. urea gave 23 g. Me 3,5-diiodo-4-(4hydroxyphenoxy)- α -acetamidocinnamate (XVII), m. 264-5°. XVII could be converted into X as above. II (40 g.) and 12 g. XII gave 35 g. 2-methyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)benzylidene]-5-oxazolone (XVIII), m. 2056°. XVIII (20 g.) and XIV (from 1.2 g. Na) gave 18 g. Me 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)- α -acetamidocinnamate (XIX), m. 216°. XIX (67 g.) was reduced to give 38 g. Me $3-iodo-5-amino-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)-\alpha-acetamidocinnamate (XX), m.$ 184° . XX (5 g.) and VII (from 1.1 g. NaNO2) treated with 3.5 g. KI, 5.2 g. iodine, and 2.0 g. urea gave 3.9 g. Me 3,5-diiodo-4-(4methoxyphenoxy)- α -acetamidocinnamate (XXI), m. 209°. XXI was converted to X as above. I (38 g.) and 32 g. 4-methoxy-3-iodophenol gave 45 g. 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxy-3-iodophenoxy)benzaldehyde (XXII), m. 168°. XXII (45 g.) and 11 g. XII gave 45 g. 2-methyl-4-[3-iodo-5nitro-4-(4-methoxy-3-iodo-phenoxy)benzylidene]-5-oxazolone (XXIII), m. 210°. XXIII (44 g.) and XIV (from 0.7 g. Na) gave 40 g. Me $3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxy-3-iodophenoxy)-\alpha-acetamidocinnamate$ (XXIV), m. 209° . Reduction of 16.3 g. XXIV gave 14 g. Me $3-iodo-5-amino-4-(4-methoxy-3-iodophenoxy)-\alpha-acetamidocinnamate$ (XXV), m. 220°. XXV (3.3 g.) and VII (from 0.6 g. NaNO2) treated with 1.8 g. KI, 2.8 g. iodine, and 2 g. urea gave 2.8 g. Me 3,3',5-triiodo-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)- α -acetamidocinnamate, m. 214°. I (12 g.) and 8.8 g. nitrohydroquinone gave 12 g. 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-hydroxy-3-nitrophenoxy)benzaldehyde (XXVI), m.

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146°. XXVI (21.5 g.) and 9.1 g. III gave 26 g.
2-phenyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-hydroxy-3-nitrophenoxy)benzylidene]-5-
oxazolone (XXVII), m. 214°. XXVII (130 g.) added to a solution of
40.5 g. NaOH in 800 cc. H2O and 1.5 I. alc. and the solution acidified at
35° gave 53 g. pure 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-hydroxy-3-nitrophenoxy)-
\alpha-benzamidocinnamic acid (XXVIII), m. 234°. Reduction of 5 g.
XXVIII gave 3-iodo-5-amino-4-(4-hydroxy-3-aminophenoxy)-\alpha-
benzamidocinnamic acid (XXIX); tribenzoyl derivative Reduction of XXVIII with
Fe(OH) 2 to give XXIX was also described. XXIX (5.5 g.) and VII (from 2 g.
NaNO2) treated with 8 g. KI, 6.5 g. iodine, and 1.2 g. urea gave
3,5-diiodo-4-(4-hydroxy-3-iodophenoxy)-\alpha-benzamidocinnamic acid.
(14 g.) and 10.6 g. 4-butoxyphenol gave 16 g. 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-
butoxyphenoxy) benzaldehyde (XXX), m. 53°. XXX (15 g.) and 6.5 g.
III gave 9.4 g. 2-phenyl-4-[2-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-butoxyphenoxy)benzylidene]-
5-oxazolone (XXXI), m. 179-80°. XXXI (8.3 g.) and XIV (from 0.7 g.
Na) gave 8.5 g. Me 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-butoxyphenoxy)-\alpha-
benzamidocinnamate, m. 185-6°, which could be converted to X.
(28 g.) and 28 g. 4-octyloxyphenol gave 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-
octyloxyphenoxy)benzaldehyde (XXXII), m. 76-7°. XXXII (29 g.) and
11 g. III gave 24 g. 2-phenyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-
octyloxyphenoxy)benzylidene]-5-oxazolone (XXXIII), m. 132°. XXXIII
(9 g.) and XIV (from 0.7 g. Na) gave 9.4 g. Me 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-
octyloxyphenoxy)-\alpha-benzamidocinnamate, m. 169°, which could
be converted to X. I (38.5 g.) and 27.5 g. hydroquinone gave 16 g.
3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)benzaldehyde, m. 157°. I (5.5
g.) and 4.9 g. 4-benzyloxyphenol gave 7 g. 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-
benzyloxyphenoxy)benzaldehyde (XXXIV), m. 134°. XXXIV (5.5 g.) and
2.2 g. III gave 3.4 g. 2-phenyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-
benzyloxyphenoxy)benzylidene]-5-oxazolone (XXXV), m.203°. XXXV
(2.9 g.) and XIV (from 0.25 g. Na) gave 2.9 g. Me 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-
benzyloxyphenoxy)-\alpha-benzamidocinnamate, m. 225°. I (38.5 g.)
and 20 g. 4-acetoxyphenol gave 23.4 g. 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-acetoxyphenoxy) benzaldehyde, m. 122°. I (3 g.) and 3 g.
5-hydroxy-2-phenylbenzoxazole gave 2.3 g. 2-iodo-4-formyl-6-nitrophenyl 2-phenyl-5-benzoxazolyl ether, m. 182-3°, which could be converted
to X. II (10 g.) and 3.5 g. N-propionylglycine gave 9.2 g.
2-ethyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)benzylidene]-5-oxazolone
(XXXVI), m. 183-5°. XXXVI (8.4 g.) and XIV (from 0.8 g. Na) gave
6.6 g. Me 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)-\alpha-
propionamidocinnamate, m. 198-9°. II (12 g.) and 8 g.
N-stearoylglycine gave 13 g. 2-heptadecyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-
methoxyphenoxy)benzylidene)-5-oxazolone (XXXVII), m. 104-5°.
XXXVII (11.5 g.) and XIV (from 0.8 g. Na) gave 11.3 g. Me
3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)-\alpha-stearamidocinnamate, m.
153°. II (20 g.) and 11 g. N-(\beta-phenylpropionyl)glycine gave
11 g. 2-phenethyl-4-[3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)benzylidene]-5-
oxazolone (XXXVIII), m. 140°. XXXVIII (10.1 g.) and XIV (from 0.8
g. Na) gave 8.8 g. Me 3-iodo-5-nitro-4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)-\alpha-(\beta-
phenylpropionamido) cinnamate, m. 194°.
96584-01-9P, Benzaldehyde, 4-(4-hydroxy-3-nitrophenoxy)-3-iodo-5-
nitro-
RL: PREP (Preparation)
   (preparation of)
96584-01-9 CAPLUS
Benzaldehyde, 4-(4-hydroxy-3-nitrophenoxy)-3-iodo-5-nitro- (6CI) (CA
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ΙT

RN

CN

INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 33 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:112972 CAPLUS

Correction of: 1984:630070

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

102:112972

Correction of: 101:230070

TITLE:

[[(Aminomethyl)aryl]oxy]acetic acid esters. A new

class of high-ceiling diuretics. 2. Modifications of

the oxyacetic side chain

AUTHOR(S):

Plattner, Jacob J.; Fung, Anthony K. L.; Smital, Jill R.; Lee, Cheuk Man; Crowley, Steven R.; Pernet, Andre G.; Bunnell, Paul R.; Buckner, Steven A.; Sennello,

Lawrence T.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharm. Prod. Div., Abbott Lab., North Chicago, IL,

60064, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1984),

27(12), 1587-96

Ι

II

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

GΙ

Aminomethyl derivs. of Et [2,3-dichloro-4-(4-hydroxybenzoyl)phenoxy]acetat e with modified oxyacetic acid side chains were prepared Thus, the benzoylphenoxyacetate I (R = CO2Et) was converted to I (R = CONH2, CH2NH2, CH2CN). Systematic alteration of the oxyacetic acid side chain has shown that the carboxylic acid function is the active species in vivo and that the Et ester group serves as a prodrug to enhance oral absorption. Side-chain functional groups that are incapable of generating the carboxylic acid in vivo failed to impart diuretic activity to the target compds. Addnl. side-chain modifications including homologation, Me substitution, and heteroatom replacement are also described. Ring annulation of the oxyacetic side chain to a dihydrobenzofuran-2-carboxylic acid produced II, which displayed the highest level of saluretic activity for this series.

TT 87181-44-0P 87181-52-0P 92285-38-6P 92285-41-1P 92285-57-9P 92285-58-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and diuretic activity of)

RN 87181-44-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 87181-52-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 92285-38-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 92285-41-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 92285-57-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 92285-58-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

Ll

STR

G1 O, S, Se, CH2, SO2, NH

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express guery preparation.

=> s l1

REG1stRY INITIATED

Substance data SEARCH and crossover from CAS REGISTRY in progress... Use DISPLAY HITSTR (or FHITSTR) to directly view retrieved structures.

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 16:48:21 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 27851 TO ITERATE

7.2% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

8 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS:

ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

547038 TO 567002

PROJECTED ANSWERS:

1595 TO 2861

1595 10 2

L2

8 SEA SSS SAM L1

L3 7 L2

=> d 1-7 ibib abs hitstr

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:927006 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:395288

TITLE:

New [3,5-dihalo-4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)phenyl]acetic acid derivatives useful as thyroid receptor ligands, and their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and

methods of use

INVENTOR (S):

Ryono, Dennis E.; Hangeland, Jon J.; Friends, Todd J.; Dejneka, Tamara; Devasthale, Pratik; Caringal, Yolanda

V.; Zhang, Minsheng; Doweyko, Arthur M. P.; Malm,

Johan; Sanin, Andrei

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 94 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

P	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE					
- W	0 2004	09379	99		A2 20041104			WO 2004-US11883						20040416			
W	0 2004	2004093799			A3 20050224												
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
							DE,										
							ID,										
							LV,										
							PL,								-	-	
		TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	BW,															
							TJ,										
							HU,										
		SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,
		TD,														·	·
U	S 2005	00418	34		A1		2005	0106	1	US 2	004-	8261	00		2	0040	415
PRIORI	TY APP	LN.	INFO	. :					1	US 2	003-4	4637	74P]	P 2	0030	418
OTHER	SOURCE	(S):			MAR	PAT	141:	3952	88								
GI																	

AB Thyroid receptor ligands are provided which have the general formula I [wherein: R1 = (un) substituted CONR5R6, CH2NR5R6, NR5COR6, OR7, R8, 4-R9-4.5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl; R2, R3 = H, halo, C1-4 alkyl or C3-5cycloalkyl, provided that at least 1 of R2 and R3 # H; R4 = (CH2)nR13 or (CH2)nCONR16CR13R14R15; R5, R6 = H, (hetero)aryl, (cyclo)alkyl, or (hetero)aralkyl; R7 = (hetero)aryl, alkyl, or (hetero)aralkyl; R8 = (hetero)aryl or cycloalkyl; R9 = R7 or H; R10 = H, halo, cyano, or alkyl; R11, R12 = H, halo, alkoxy, OH, cyano, or alkyl; R13 = COOH and esters, phosphonic and phosphinic acid and esters, sulfonic acid, tetrazole, hydroxamic acid, thiazolidinedione, acylsulfonamide, or other carboxylic acid surrogates; R14, R15 = H, alkyl; or R14R15 = (CH2)2-5, forming 3- to 6-membered cycloalkyl rings; R16 = H or C1-4 alkyl; R17 and R18 = H, halo, or alkyl; n = 0-4; $\bar{X} = 0$, S, S(0)2, S(0), Se, CO, NH, or CH2]. In addition, a method is provided for preventing, inhibiting or treating diseases or disorders associated with metabolism dysfunction, or which are dependent upon the expression of, a T3 regulated gene, wherein a compound I is administered therapeutically. Claims cover

the above, as well as pharmaceutical compns. containing I, and methods of coadministration of I with other compds., particularly certain antidiabetic agents. Compds. I include selective agonists, partial agonists, antagonists, and partial antagonists of thyroid receptors (no data). Approx. 168 compds. were prepared For instance, Me (3,5-dibromo-4-hydroxyphenyl)acetate underwent O-arylation with (4-MeOC6H4)2I+ BF4-, and the resultant 4-methoxyphenyl ether derivative underwent a sequence of: (1) formylation in the 3-position, (2) O-demethylation, (3) oxidation of the aldehyde to an acid, (4) amidation of the acid, and (5) alkaline saponification of the ester, to give title compound

IT 725239-65-6P 788823-06-3P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of [dihalo(hydroxyphenoxy)phenyl]acetic acid derivs. as thyroid receptor ligands)

RN 725239-65-6 CAPLUS

TT.

CN

Benzeneacetic acid, 3,5-dibromo-4-[4-hydroxy-3-[[(phenylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ \text{Ph-CH}_2-\text{NH-C} \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ \end{array}$$

RN 788823-06-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 3,5-dibromo-4-[4-hydroxy-3-[[[[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:465510 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:133551

TITLE:

Thyroid receptor ligands. Part 2: thyromimetics with improved selectivity for the thyroid hormone receptor

beta

AUTHOR(S):

Hangeland, Jon J.; Doweyko, Arthur M.; Dejneka, Tamara; Friends, Todd J.; Devasthale, Pratik;

Mellstrom, Karin; Sandberg, Johnny; Grynfarb, Marlena; Sack, John S.; Einspahr, Howard; Faernegardh, Mathias;

Husman, Bolette; Ljunggren, Jan; Koehler, Konrad; Sheppard, Cheryl; Malm, Johan; Ryono, Denis E. Pharmaceutical Research Institute, Bristol-Myers

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Squibb, Princeton, NJ, 08543, USA

SOURCE:

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2004),

14(13), 3549-3553

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 141:133551

AB A set of thyromimetics having improved selectivity for TR-β1 were prepared by replacing the 3'-iso-Pr group of 2 and 3 with substituents having increased steric bulk. From this limited SAR study, the most potent and selective compds. identified were derived from 2 and contained a 3'-Ph moiety bearing small hydrophobic groups meta to the biphenyl link. X-ray crystal data of 15c complexed with TR-β1 LBD shows methionine 442 to be displaced by the bulky R3' Ph Et amide side chain. Movement of this amino acid side chain provides an expanded pocket for the bulky side chain while the ligand-receptor complex retains full agonist activity.

IT 725239-65-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(structure activity relationships of thyromimetics with selectivity for thyroid hormone receptor beta)

RN 725239-65-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 3,5-dibromo-4-[4-hydroxy-3-[[(phenylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Br$$
 OH
 $Ph-CH_2-NH-C$
 OH

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:173554 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:221353

TITLE:

Preparation of anyloxyphenols as thyroid receptor

antagonists for the treatment of cardiac and metabolic

disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Malm, Johan; Brandt, Peter; Edvinsson, Karin; Koehler,

Konrad; Sanin, Andrei; Gordon, Sandra

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Karo Bio AB, Swed.

PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

т∙ 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
											_	- - :	
WO 200301853	15	A2	2003	0306	1	WO 2	002-1	EP91:	20		2	00208	813
WO 20030185	A3	2004	20041028										
W: AE,	AG, AL,	AM, A	T, AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR.	BY.	BZ.	CA.	CH.	CN.
	CR, CU,												
GM,	HR, HU,	ID, I	L, IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ.	LC.	LK.	LR.
LS,	LT, LU,	LV, M	IA, MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX.	MZ.	NO.	NZ.	OM.	PH.

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PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
             CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
             NE, SN, TD, TG
     CA 2449515
                                 20030306
                           A1
                                             CA 2002-2449515
                                                                     20020813
     EP 1499578
                           A2
                                 20050126
                                             EP 2002-767384
                                                                     20020813
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
     JP 2005507381
                           Т
                                 20050317
                                             JP 2003-523181
                                                                     20020813
     US 2005107347
                           A1
                                 20050519
                                             US 2003-485849
                                                                     20020813
     CN 1697821
                           Α
                                 20051116
                                             CN 2002-814476
                                                                     20020813
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             GB 2001-20691
                                                                     20010824
                                             GB 2002-7719
                                                                     20020403
                                                                  Α
                                             WO 2002-EP9120
                                                                  W
                                                                     20020813
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 138:221353
```

Ι

GI

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^4
 R^5

AB Title compds. I [R1 = carboxy, ester, α -hydroxycarboxy, etc.; R2-3 = Cl, I, Br, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, etc.; R4 = halo, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.; X = CH2CH2, CH2CH2CH2, CH=CH, etc.; R5 = (hetero) aryl, cycloalkyl, etc.; n = 0-2] are prepared For instance, Me 3,5-dibromo-4-(3-isopropyl-4-methoxyphenoxy)benzoate is nitrated (PhH, HNO3), reduced (EtOH, Na2S2O4) and converted to Me 3,5-dibromo-4-(3-iodo-5isopropyl-4-methoxyphenoxy)benzoate (MeOH, HCl, KI). This intermediate was saponified (EtOH, KOH), demethylated (CH2Cl2, BF3 SMe2) and coupled to styrene (DMF, Et3N, Me3NCH2PhCl, tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium) to give II. The compds. of the invention exhibit binding affinities to the ThRa receptor in the range of 10 to 500 nM. I are useful in the treatment of cardiac and metabolic disorders, such as cardiac arrhythmias, thyrotoxicosis, subclin. hyperthyroidism and liver diseases. 500794-79-6P, (E)-3,5-Dibromo-4-[4-hydroxy-3-isopropyl-5-(2-IT phenylethenyl)phenoxy]benzoic acid RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

II

(aryloxyphenols as thyroid receptor antagonists for treatment of cardiac and metabolic disorders)

RN 500794-79-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 3,5-dibromo-4-[4-hydroxy-3-(1-methylethyl)-5-[(1E)-2-phenylethenyl]phenoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:457018 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:89793

TITLE: Preparation of 4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)phenylacetyl amino

acids and related compounds as novel thyroid receptor

ligands

INVENTOR(S): Hangeland, Jon; Zhang, Minsheng; Caringal, Yolanda;

Ryono, Denis; Li, Yi-lin; Malm, Johan; Liu, Ye; Garg,

Neeraj; Litten, Chris; Garcia Collazo, Ana Maria;

Koehler, Konrad

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Karo Bio AB, Swed.; et al.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 60 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.				DATE					
	WO 2000039077 WO 2000039077						WO 1999-IB2084				19991223						
	₩:	AE, CZ, IN, MD, SK,	AL, DE, IS, MG, SL,	AM, DK, JP, MK, TJ,	AT, DM, KE, MN, TM,	AU, EE, KG, MW, TR,	AZ, ES, KP, MX,	BA, FI, KR, NO, TZ,	GB, KZ, NZ, UA,	GD, LC, PL, UG,	GE, LK, PT, US,	GH, LR, RO, UZ,	GM, LS, RU, VN,	HR, LT, SD, YU,	HU, LU, SE, ZA,	ID, LV, SG, ZW	IL, MA, SI,
	RW:	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	SD, GR, GW.	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	CH, BF,	CY, BJ,	DE, CF,
CA	CA 2356319			A1		EN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG 20000706 CA 1999-2356319					19991223						
BR				Α	20011016			BR 1999-16851				19991223					
EP	1144370			A2	20011017			EP 1999-962486				19991223					
	R:	AT, IE,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
TR	R 200101834			T2	20011221			TR 2001-200101834				19991223					
HU	200104666			A2	20020328			HU 2001-4666									
JP	2002533432					20021008			JP 2000-590990								
	J 758202				B2	20030320			AU 2000-18855				19991223				
	512422				Α	20040227			NZ 1999-512422				19991223				
	2001002931				Α		2001	0821		NO 2	001-2	2931			20	0010	513
	A 2001004932			Α		2003	0115		ZA 2	001-4	4932			20	00106	515	
	N 2001KN00754			Α		2005	0311		IN 2	001-1	KN754	1		20	010	720	
US	6989	402			В1		2006	0124		US 2	001-	8688	39		20	0109	914

US 2005282872 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: **A1** 20051222 US 2005-189654 GB 1998-28442

20050726 A 19981224

WO 1999-IB2084 US 2001-868889

W 19991223 A3 20010914

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 133:89793

GΙ

Title compds. I [R1 = halo, trifluoromethyl, alkyl, cycloalkyl; R2, R3 = AB H, halo, alkyl, at least one of R2 and R3 being other than H; n = 0-4; R4 is an (un) substituted heteroarom. moiety linked to (CH2) n via a nitrogen or carbon atom; an amine, including those in which the amine is derived from an alpha amino acid of either L- or D-stereochem., an acylsulfonamide, or a carboxylic acid amide, with the proviso that when n = 0, then R4 can only be a carboxylic acid amide or an acylsulfonamide; R5 is H or an acyl or other group capable of bioconversion to generate the free phenol structure] were prepared for use in the treatment of diseases associated with metabolism dysfunction or which are dependent on the expression of a T3 regulated gene (such as obesity, hypercholesterolemia, atherosclerosis, depression, osteoporosis, hypothyroidism, goiter, thyroid cancer, glaucoma, cardiac arrhythmia, and congestive heart failure).
Thus, coupling of 3,5-dibromo-4-(4-hydroxy-3-isopropylphenoxy)phenylacetic acid with D-methionine Me ester hydrochloride followed by hydrolysis afforded N-[3,5-dibromo-4-(4-hydroxy-3-isopropylphenoxy)phenylacetyl]-Dmethionine.

280779-35-3P TΤ

> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of (hydroxyphenoxy)phenylacetyl amino acids and related compds. as novel thyroid receptor ligands)

RN280779-35-3 CAPLUS

CN L-Methionine, N-[[3,5-dibromo-4-[4-hydroxy-3-(1methylethyl)phenoxy]phenyl]acetyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1997:448104 CAPLUS

127:81253

TITLE:

Preparation and formulation of phenylacetamidobenzoic acid derivatives as inhibitors of IgE production Hasegawa, Masaichi; Takeyasu, Takumi; Tsuchiya, Naoki; Hase, Naoki; Takahashi, Katsushi; Kamimura, Takashi

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Teijin Limited, Japan PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ______ -----_______ ---------WO 9719910 A1 19970605 WO 1996-JP3456 19961126 W: AU, CA, CN, JP, KR, US RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE CA 2210579 **A1** 19970605 CA 1996-2210579 19961126 CA 2210579 C 20030311 AU 9675902 Α 19970619 AU 1996-75902 19961126 AU 703092 B2 19990318 EP 806412 A1 19971112 EP 1996-938545 19961126 B1 EP 806412 20000405 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE CN 1173169 Α 19980211 CN 1996-191624 19961126 CN 1081623 В 20020327 AT 191458 Т 20000415 AT 1996-938545 19961126 ES 2144786 Т3 20000616 ES 1996-938545 19961126 JP 3117466 B2 20001211 JP 1997-520357 19961126 US 5808144 19980915 Α US 1997-875284 19970723 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1995-307222 A 19951127 JP 1996-228367 A 19960829 WO 1996-JP3456 W 19961126

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 127:81253

GI

$$R^{10}$$
 A
 CO_2R^2
 BN
 X

AB The title compds. I [R1 represents H, cyclic, linear or branched C1-12 alkyl optionally substituted by one or more C6-10 aryloxy groups, C7-12 aralkyl wherein the aryl group optionally has one or more substituents such as halogeno, Me or methoxy, or C3-10 alkenyl optionally substituted by one or more Ph groups; A represents O, S or CH2; B represents CO or CZ2CO wherein Z is H or F; R2 represents H or C1-4 alkyl; X represents halogeno or methyl; and Y represents H, NO2 or CN] are prepared 2-(4-(4-Cyclooctyloxyphenoxy)phenylacetamido)benzoic acid (preparation given) at 100 mg/kg orally gave almost complete suppression of anti-TNP IgE production in mice.

IT 191658-02-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of phenylacetamidobenzoic acid derivs. as inhibitors of IgE production)

RN 191658-02-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)benzoyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:159234 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:159234

TITLE: Triiodothyroacetic acid salts

INVENTOR (S): Jaeger, Roland

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Societe Anon. pour l'Industrie Chimique

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 12 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		DATE						
			19730329		19720809						
	FR 2153202	A1	19730504	FR 1971-34447	19710924						
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1971-34447 A							
AB	water soluble 4.3-	нотсенз	OC6H3T2CH2CO	02M-2,6,4 (I, M = Na, K	: 13/10324 : 14						
	morpholinium mono-	di-	or triethano	ol-ammonium) waxa xxana	., LL.,						
	morpholinium, mono-, di-, or triethanol-ammonium) were prepared from the										
	components in EtOH at .apprx.pH 8. I (M = Na) was converted into I (M =										
	Mg0.5, Ca0.5, Zn0.5, or Co0.5) soluble in EtOH-H2O. I were useful for										
	normalizing the triglyceride and blood cholesterol content at lower doses										
	than I $(M = H)$.										
IT	Г 40993-21-3Р										
	RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)										
	(preparation of)		• •	(== o p							
RN	40993-21-3 CAPLUS										
CN											
	CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-(4-hydroxy-3-iodophenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-, magnesium salt (2:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)										
	Saic (2:1) (9C1) (CA INDE	X NAME)								

$$HO_2C-CH_2$$
 I OH

●1/2 Mg

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:53028 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 58:53028 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 58:8983c-е

TITLE: Dialkylaminoalkyl phenoxyphenylalkanoates INVENTOR(S): Kerwin, James F.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Smith Kline & French Laboratories

SOURCE: 2 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Unavailable FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

95940-58-2 CAPLUS

PATENT INFORMATION:

RN

CN

=>

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----US 3064037 19621113 US 19610928 GB 999892 GB PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 19610928 Processes are disclosed for the preparation of title compds. These compds. reduce lipid concentration in body serum and tissues. Diethylaminoethyl ester of 4-(3-iodo-4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenylacetic acid as the HCl salt was obtained by refluxing for 4 hrs. a mixture of 3.1 g. 4-(3-iodo-4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenyl-acetic acid, 8 q. 2-diethylaminochloroethane, and 75 ml. Me2CHOH and crystallizing the precipitate from EtOH-petr. ether. Dimethyl-aminoethyl 4-(3-iodo-4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5diindophenylpropionate as HCl salt was prepared by a similar procedure. HCl salts of the following are similarly prepared: diethylaminoethyl 4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenylacetate, dimethyl-aminoethyl 4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenylacetate, diethylaminoethyl 4-(3-iodo-4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodobenzoate, diethylaminoethyl 4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodobenzoate, diethylaminoethyl 4-(3-iodo-4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenylbutyrate, 3dimethylaminopropyl 4-(3,5-diiodo-4-propyl, 4-(3,5-diiodo-4hydroxyphenoxy) -3,5-diiodophenylpropionate, 3-diethylaminopropyl 4-(4-methoxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodobenzoate, 3-diethylaminopropyl 4-(4-methoxyphenoxy-3,5-diiodophenylpropionate, 2-dibutylaminoethyl 4-(3,5-ditert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenylpropionate, and diethylaminoethyl 4-(4-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenyl)-butyrate. ΙT 95940-58-2P, Butyric acid, 4-[4-(p-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5diiodophenyl]-, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl ester, hydrochloride RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of)

Butyric acid, 4-[4-(p-hydroxyphenoxy)-3,5-diiodophenyl]-,

2-(diethylamino)ethyl ester, hydrochloride (7CI)

L4 ANSWER 37 OF 45 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:539494 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:139494

TITLE: Diphenyl ether, diphenyl thioether and diphenyl

methane phenol Mannich bases

INVENTOR(S): Plattner, Jacob J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4389416	Α	19830621	US 1981-310164	19811009 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1981-310164	19811009
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREA	ACT 99:139494	l; MARPAT 99:139494	
GI				

I

II

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R & R^1 & R^1 \\ \hline & & & \\ R^1 & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\$$

HO
$$\longrightarrow$$
 Z \longrightarrow OCH₂CO₂Et

The title compds. [I; R = H, alkyl, H2NCH2, halo; Z = O, CH2, S, S(O); R1 = H, alkyl, halo; Z1 = O, CH2, S, bond; R2 = CO2H, carboxyalkyl, H2NCO, HOCH2, PhNHCH2, H2NCH2], with diuretic activity, were prepared Thus, phenoxyacetate II (R3 = H, Z = CH2), obtained by NaBH4 reduction of II (R3 = H, Z = CO), was treated with ClCH2CONHCH2OH in AcOH containing H2SO4 to give II (R3 = ClCH2CONHCH2, Z = CH2), which on acid hydrolysis gave II.HCl (R3 = H2NCH2, Z = CH2). Natriuretic activities of I (R = H, Cl; R1 = Cl; Z = Z1 = O; R2 = CONH2, CO2Et, CH2OH) in rats were greater than that of Bumetanide.

IT 87181-52-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation and diuretic activity of)

RN 87181-52-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 87181-43-9P 87181-51-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and hydrolysis of)

RN 87181-43-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 2,3-dichloro-4-[3-[[(chloroacetyl)amino]methyl]-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 87181-51-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetic acid, 2,3-dichloro-4-[3-[[(chloroacetyl)amino]methyl]-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 87181-44-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reduction of)

RN 87181-44-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4-[3-(aminomethyl)-4-hydroxyphenoxy]-2,3-dichloro-, ethyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)